



WEB DESIGNING COURSE

WeLearn

CoreTech Computer Institute

Shop No. 13, Patil Plaza, Near Dynamix Colony,
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PREVIOUS SESSION HIGHLIGHTS

- HTML Tags

- `<details>`, `<div>`, ``, `<fieldset>`, `<figure>`, `<footer>`, `<h1>` to `<h6>`, `<header>`, `<hr>`

HTML TAGS

- HTML <i> Tag
- HTML Tag
- HTML <ins> Tag
- HTML <kbd> Tag
- HTML <mark> Tag
- HTML <nav> Tag
- HTML Tag
- HTML <p> Tag
- HTML <q> Tag

HTML <i> TAG

- The <i> tag defines a part of text in an alternate voice or mood. The content inside is typically displayed in italic.
- The <i> tag is often used to indicate a technical term, a phrase from another language, a thought, a ship name, etc.
- Use the <i> element only when there is not a more appropriate semantic element.

HTML <I> TAG

The *i* tag

*The *i* tag is used to italicize text but does not put emphasis on the text like the *em* tag does.*

HTML TAG

- The tag is used to embed an image in an HTML page.
- Images are not technically inserted into a web page; images are linked to web pages. The tag creates a holding space for the referenced image.

HTML TAG

- The tag has two required attributes:
 - src - Specifies the path to the image
 - alt - Specifies an alternate text for the image, if the image for some reason cannot be displayed
- Also, always specify the width and height of an image. If width and height are not specified, the page might flicker while the image loads.

HTML TAG

The img element



HTML <INS> TAG

- The <ins> tag defines a text that has been inserted into a document. Browsers will usually underline inserted text.
- It is often paired with a element which identifies deleted text replaced by the text contained in the <ins> element.

HTML <INS> TAG

The img element



Course Cost: ~~RS.10,000~~ Rs.8,000

HTML <KBD> TAG

- The `<kbd>` tag is used to define keyboard input. The content inside is displayed in the browser's default monospace font.

HTML <KBD> TAG

The kbd element

Press `Ctrl + C` to copy text.

Press `Ctrl + P` to print document.

HTML <MARK> TAG

- The <mark> tag defines text that should be marked or highlighted.

HTML <MARK> TAG

The mark element

Do not forget to **submit your assignments** this week.

HTML <NAV> TAG

- The <nav> tag defines a set of navigation links.
- Notice that **NOT** all links of a document should be inside a <nav> element. The <nav> element is intended only for major block of navigation links.

HTML <NAV> TAG

The nav element

[HOME](#) | [ABOUT](#) | [SERVICES](#) | [CONTACT](#)

HTML TAG

- The tag defines an ordered list. An ordered list can be numerical or alphabetical.
- The tag is used to define each list item.
- Attributes:
 - reversed - Specifies that the list order should be reversed.
 - start - Specifies the start value of an ordered list.
 - Type – Specifies the kind of marker to use in the list. (Values= 1 | A | a | I | i)

HTML TAG

The ol,li element

1. First numbered item
2. Second numbered item
3. Third numbered item

reversed attribute

3. First numbered item
2. Second numbered item
1. Third numbered item

start attribute

5. Fifth numbered item
6. Sixth numbered item
7. Seventh numbered item

start and type attribute

- v. Fifth numbered item
- vi. Sixth numbered item
- vii. Seventh numbered item

HTML <P> TAG

- The <p> tag defines a paragraph.
- Browsers automatically add a single blank line before and after each <p> element.

HTML <P> TAG

The p element

HTML (HyperText Markup Language) is the most basic building block of the Web. It defines the meaning and structure of web content. Other technologies besides HTML are generally used to describe a web page's appearance/presentation (CSS) or functionality/behavior (JavaScript).

"Hypertext" refers to links that connect web pages to one another, either within a single website or between websites. Links are a fundamental aspect of the Web. By uploading content to the Internet and linking it to pages created by other people, you become an active participant in the World Wide Web.

HTML <Q> TAG

- The <q> tag defines a short quotation.
- Browsers normally insert quotation marks around the quotation.
- The <q> element is used to identify and inline quote that does not require paragraph breaks. Longer quotations that do require paragraph breaks should use the <blockquote> element.

HTML <Q> TAG

The q element

"CoreTech Computer Institute" A Programming Language Training
Institute in Baramati.

THANKYOU!

CoreTech Computer Institute



- 👉 **Software Development Training**
C, C++, Java, Python, Dot-Net, PHP, Web Design, Android, SQL
- 👉 **Students Project Development**
DIPLOMA, BCA, BCS, BE, ME, MCA, MCS
- 👉 **Computer Hardware and Networking**
A+, N+, MCSA

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